## **Subject Description Form**

Subject Code	APSS5209			
Subject Title	Emerging Issues of Social Policy in Asia			
Credit Value	3			
Level	5			
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil			
Assessment Methods	100% Continuous Assessment	Individual Assessment	Group Assessment	
	1. Seminar Report	10%	0%	
	2. Seminar Participation and Presentation	0%	30%	
	3. Term paper	60%	0%	
	<ul><li>required for passing the su</li><li>Student must pass all comp</li></ul>		pass the subject.	
Objectives	<ul> <li>Student must pass all components if he/she is to pass the subject.</li> <li>This course aims to enhance students' knowledge of social policy in Asia. It is designed primarily as a means to enhance a comparative understanding of social policy in Asia, the emerging and new challenges encountered within and across specific national contexts, and the problems related to the policy making and implementation. A variety of emerging social policy issues in Asia will be covered, including housing problems, aging population, social security and</li> </ul>			
	welfare measures, labor condition reduction policies, gender, educat	· •	blems and disaster risk	
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students are able to:         a. Be equipped with basic competence and knowledge of how social policy impacts on social development in Asian context;			
	<ul><li>b. Develop independent critical thinking in assessing the connection between responsible social policy and development options in Asian countries;</li><li>c. Identify critical ethical dilemmas and criteria for policy making in Asia</li></ul>			

	d. Develop a cross-c problems and to d					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol> <li>Context: Changing         <ol> <li>Context: Changing</li> <li>The rise of Chir</li> <li>Regional socio-</li> <li>Changing econo</li> <li>Changing welfa</li> </ol> </li> <li>Challenges: Selecter</li> <li>cross-cultural and c</li> <li>Aging population</li> <li>Housing problem</li> <li>Labor condition</li> <li>Educational Ine</li> <li>Gender Inequality</li> <li>Environmental p</li> <li>Disaster Risk</li> </ol>	a and its soc economic de omic and soci re regime and ed Emerging cross-national on m quality ity	ial and eco velopment ial policy i d policyma Challenge	onomic im in contem n Asia aking proc s Faced in	nporary A ess in Asi	sia a
	<ul> <li>h. Others</li> <li>3. Experiences and Let <ul> <li>a. Major global, regimpacts on nation</li> <li>b. Major national p</li> <li>c. Policy options,</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Future Development <ul> <li>a. Commonality and Asian countries</li> <li>b. Pathways of cive</li> </ul> </li> <li>* It will be further update</li> </ul>	gional and cr nal policies policy Initiati values and di nt nd Diversity o il society and	ives and it lemma in of socio-ec	s impacts different A conomic de	Asian soci evelopmer	eties nts among
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Students will expect to engage in interactive lectures to familiarize themselves with the common frameworks for understanding changing social policy setting and progress in Asia. In seminars, group project activities will enable students to put their knowledge and skills to test when preparing group projects and presentations.					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	%Intended subject learning outcomesweightingto be assessed				
Outcomes	1. Seminar Report	10 %	a √	b √	c √	d √
	2. Seminar Participation and Presentation	30%	√			$\checkmark$
	3. Term Paper	60%	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	

	Total	100%			
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:				
	<ul> <li>The research paper will allow students to integrate the basic concepts and theoretical frameworks they learn in the subject to demonstrate their knowledge and competence they have achieved through their own research. As well it will allow them to indicate the proficiency of their communication skills, including how to put their ideas together coherently and creatively, exercising critical thinking, displaying insights and making appropriate judgment, and clarifying complex policy and development issues.</li> <li>Their seminar presentation and participation will give them an additional opportunity to display their learning outcomes as described above. However, this will further allow them to make evident their competence as a team player and their performance in an interactive group setting.</li> <li>The short seminar paper will also enable students to show off their ability and capability in presenting their ideas in a succinct form, requiring them to be creative, concise, logical and professional in communicating and organizing their ideas and knowledge as well as making good judgments in selecting the best way for delivering what they have learnt.</li> </ul>				
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Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Required	Lecture			27 H	rs.
	Seminar			12 H	rs.
	Other student study effort:				
	Seminar Presentation		20 H	rs.	
	Individual Essay	ndividual Essay		20 H	rs.
	<ul> <li>Self-study</li> </ul>	Self-study		33 H	rs.
	Total student study effo	otal student study effort		112 H	rs.
Reading List and References	Essential				
	<ul> <li>Cook, S., &amp; Pincus, J. (2014). Poverty, inequality and social protection in Southeast Asia: An introduction. Journal of Southeast Asian Economies (JSEAE), 31(1), 1-17.</li> <li>Doucette, J., &amp; Park, B. (2018) Developmentalist Cities? Interrogating Urban Developmentalism in East Asia. Leiden: Brill.</li> </ul>				
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	Lin, J. Y., & Wang, Y. (2015). China's contribution to development cooperatio Ideas, opportunities and finances. Development, 119.		ion:		

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Yeates, N. (Ed.). (2014). Understanding global social policy. Policy Press.
<u>Supplementary references</u>
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Chiu, S. & Lui, T.L. (2009). Hong Kong: Becoming a Chinese Global City, London: Routledge.
Chufrin, G. (ed.) (2006). East Asia: Between Regionalism and Globalism, Singapore: Institute of Southeast Asian Studies.
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Fell, D. (2012). Government and Politics in Taiwan. Abingdon, England: Routledge.
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Ho, W. Y. (2013). Islam and China's Hong Kong: Ethnic identity, Muslim networks and the new Silk road (Vol. 102). Routledge.
Howlett, M., Ramesh, M. & Perl, A. (2009). Studying Public Policy: Policy Cycles and Policy Subsystems (3rd edition). Oxford: Oxford University Press.
Jarvis, D.S.L. & Welch A. (eds.) (2011). ASEAN Industries and the Challenge from China. Basingstoke, England: Palgrave Macmillan.
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Lam, W.M., Lui, P.L.T & Wong W (eds.). (2012). Contemporary Hong Kong Government and Politics (Expanded 2nd edition). Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press.
Lin, J. Y., and C. Monga. (2011). "Growth Identification and Facilitation: The Role of the State in the Dynamics of Structural Change," Development Policy Review, Vol. 29, No. 3, (May 2011): 264-290.
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Community, Singapore: National University of Singapore Press.
Neher, C.D. (2010). Southeast Asia: Crossroads of the World (2nd edition). DeKalb, Illinois: Northern Illinois University Press.
Perry, E.J. & Selden, M. (2010). Chinese Societies: Change, Conflict and Resistance (3rd edition). London: Routledge.
Rahil Ismail, Shaw, B.J., Ooi, G.L. (eds.) (2009). Southeast Asian Culture and Heritage in a Globalising World: Diverging Identities in a Dynamic Region. Farnham, England: Ashgate Pub.
Tang, W.F. & Holzner, B. (eds.) (2007). Social Change in Contemporary China, Pittsburgh: University of Pittsburgh Press.
Tsang, S. (2004). A Modern History of Hong Kong. Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press.
Walter, A. & Zhang X.K. (2012). East Asian Capitalism: Diversity, Continuity, and Change. UK: Oxford University Press
Wu, G. & Lansdowne, H. (2016). China's Transition from Communism: New perspectives. London and New York: